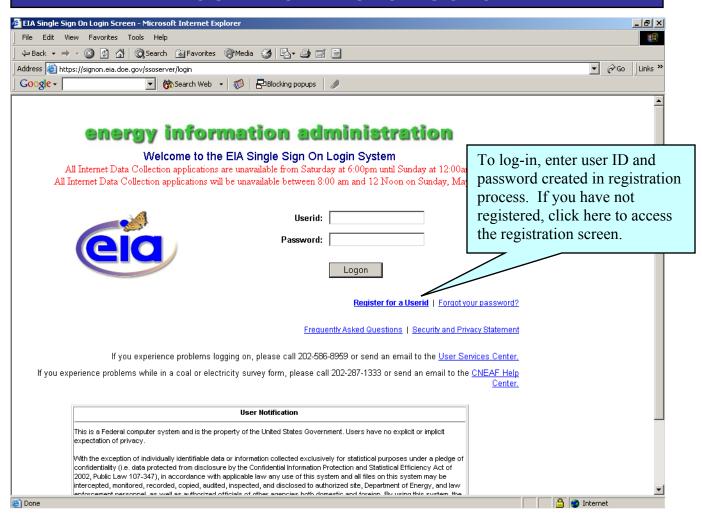
# EIA-860 INTERNET DATA COLLECTION USER GUIDE

#### INTRODUCTION

The Energy Information Administration (EIA) instituted an online data collection system, known as the Single Sign-On system, for its electric power surveys in 2001. The goal of the online data collection system is to provide an efficient, accurate, and secure method for respondents to complete and submit data directly to the EIA. An important feature of the Single Sign-On system is the ability for respondents to access multiple survey forms using one convenient set of credentials. In addition, the online collection system informs the respondent of data discrepancies and other important information immediately on-screen, significantly reducing data discrepancy phone calls and greatly improving the accuracy and timeliness of data submissions. The online system also includes built in edit checks and provides feedback identifying the specific schedule, part, and line number of the data in question. This guide will help you register, sign-on, and enter your data into the online system.

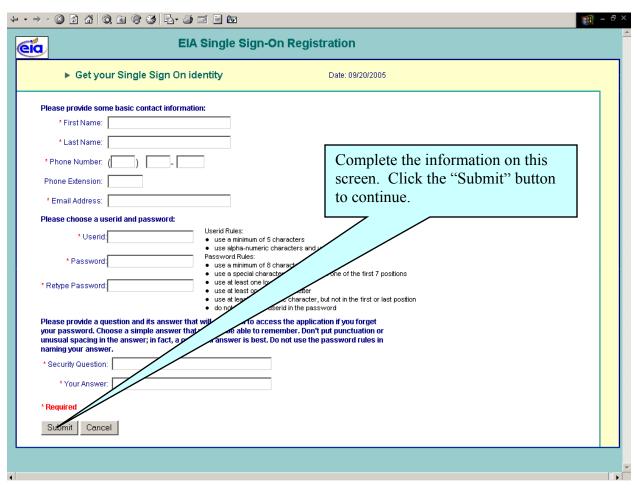
## ABOUT THIS GUIDE The following chart will direct you through the steps covered in this guide Have you registered with the Single Sign On system? NO YES Registration Log In and Access Process (pp. 2-5) Your Forms (pp. 7-9) **CLICK HERE CLICK HERE Enter Data** PROBLEMS? (pp. 10 - 19)TIP SHEET (p. 6) **CLICK HERE CLICK HERE OR** For specific data element questions, access the form instruction by clicking **SUBMIT YOUR DATA** "Help" from the menu at the (p. 20) top left of the screen **CLICK HERE**

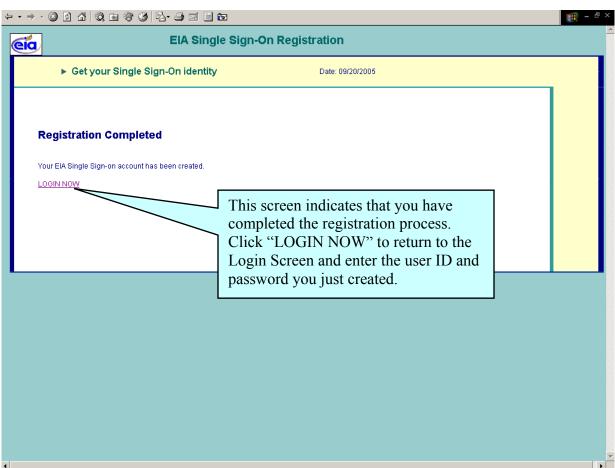
### REGISTERING WITH SINGLE SIGN ON

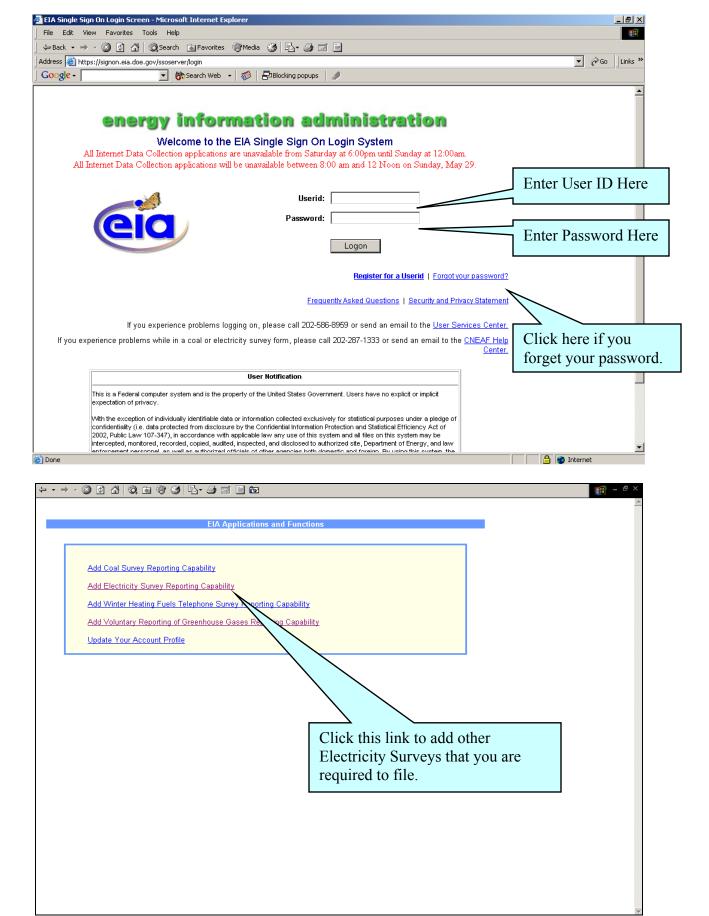


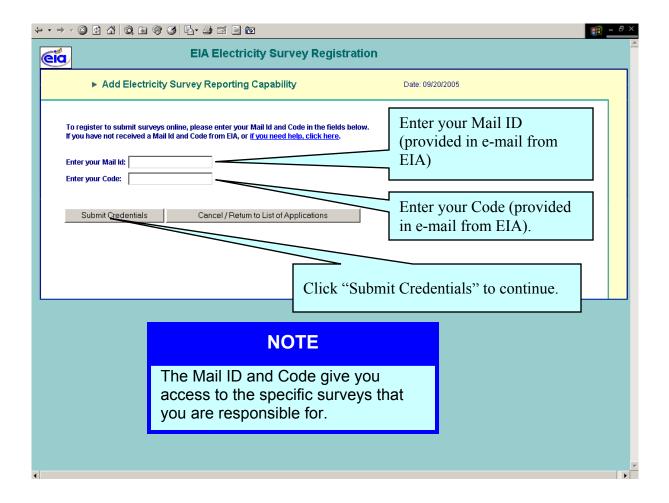
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## **EIA-860 TIP SHEET**

### I. Schedule 3B, Line 2 and Schedule 3D, Line 2, "Net Capacity":

DO NOT introduce factors such as availability of energy sources and constraints on transmission when determining the summer capacity and winter capacity to be reported on Form EIA-860. For generators that are out of service for an extended period, on standby, have no generation or no test results for the respective peak periods of the data year, report the estimated capacities based on historical performance as follows: for net summer capacity and net winter capacity of generators that fall into either of the prior mentioned categories, report the capacity of the generator that is generally achievable during the period of June through September and December through March, respectively, based on historical performance or report the best estimate of the capacity that could be achieved if the generator were operated during the respective summer and winter periods.

## II. Schedule 3B, Line 8, Schedule 3D, Line 7, Schedule 3E, Line 2, "Combined Heat and Power":

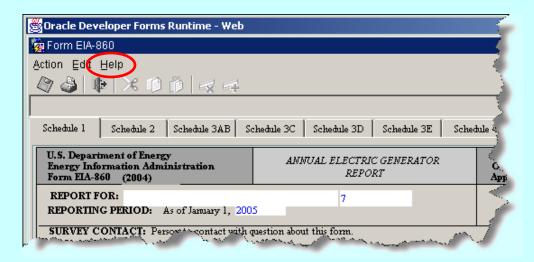
A generator is considered to be a combined heat and power (CHP) generator if the heat or steam from the prime mover (e.g., engine, turbine) or boiler is used to drive a generator to produce electricity and is also used for another process such as heating a building, operating machinery, or other industrial process. Producing electricity can be either the primary or secondary objective of the process. Steam that is captured after it passes through the turbine and is then used for heating or perhaps sent to an outside customer is an example of a CHP generator. Likewise, waste heat that is recovered from a boiler that produces steam to run machinery and then redirected to provide electricity is also an example of a CHP generator.

### III. All Schedules: Data Elements Blocked from Update

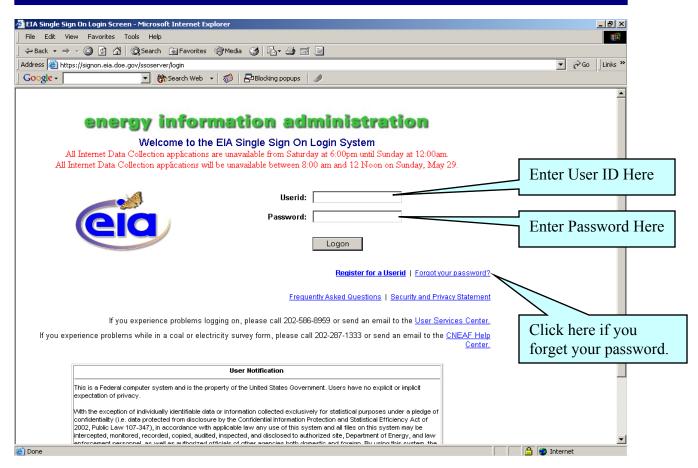
In the event that a blocked data element requires updating, i.e. grayed data fields, drop down lists, or any other data field that cannot be changed on screen, provide the updated information in Schedule 6, "Footnotes" and include the location of the update using Schedule, Part, and line number (if any) for reference.

## **IV.** Survey Instructions

For questions regarding specific EIA-860 data fields please refer to the survey instructions. You can access the instructions from any screen by clicking "Help" from the menu at the top left of the screen (see illustration below).

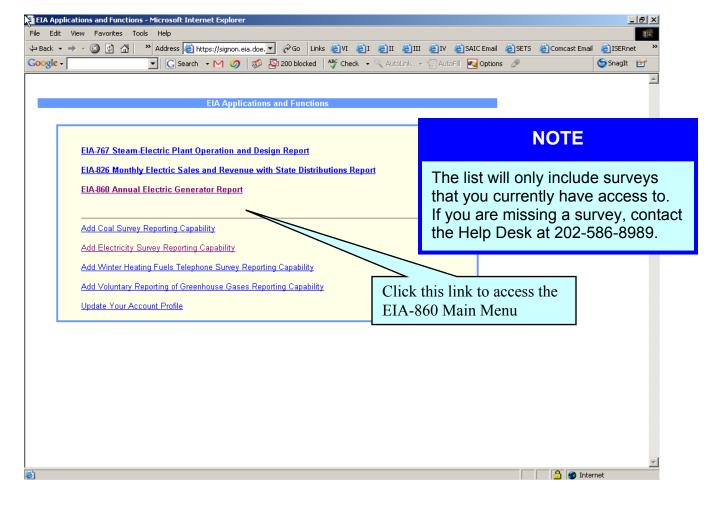


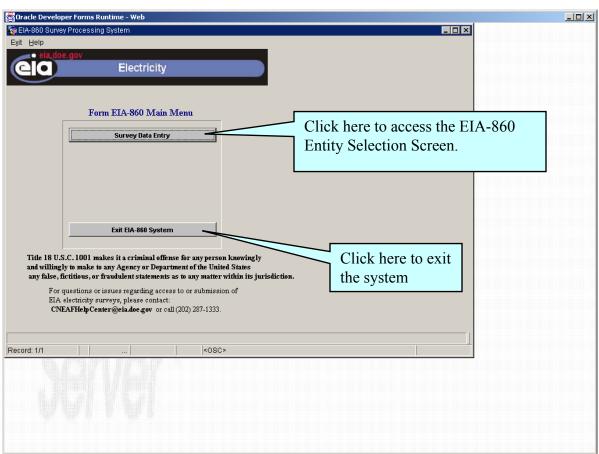
### LOGGING IN TO THE SYSTEM

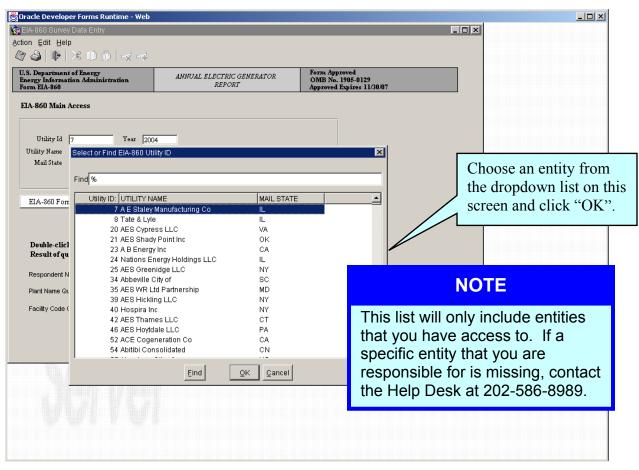


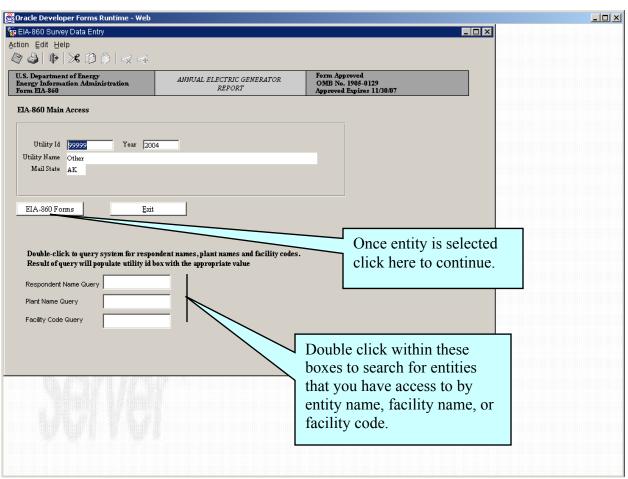
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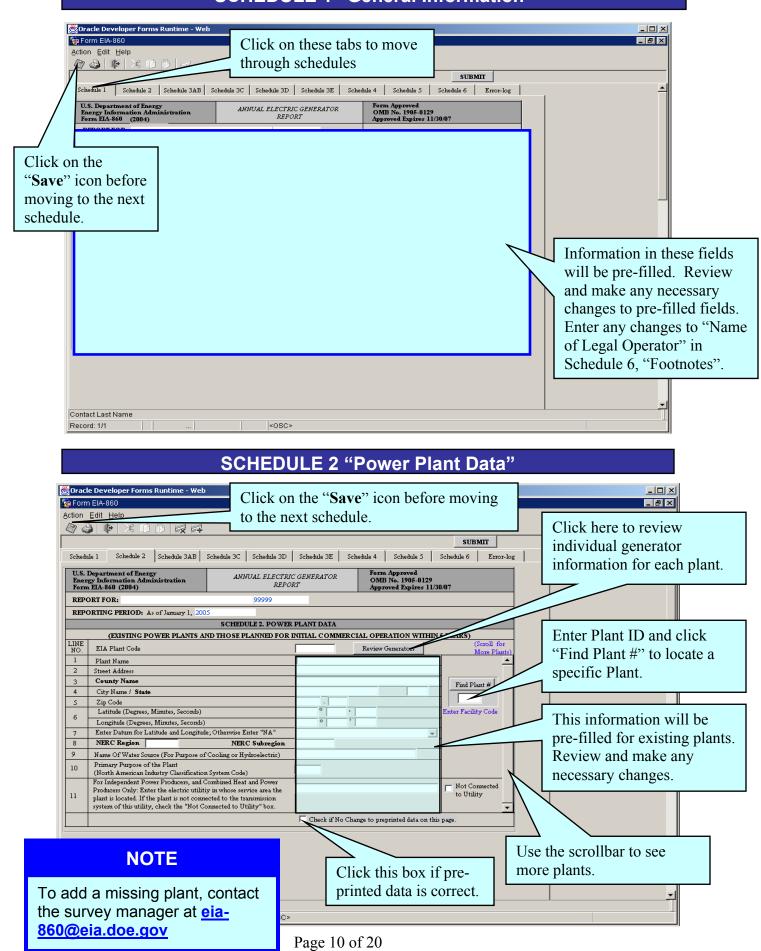






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#### **SCHEDULE 1 "General Information"**

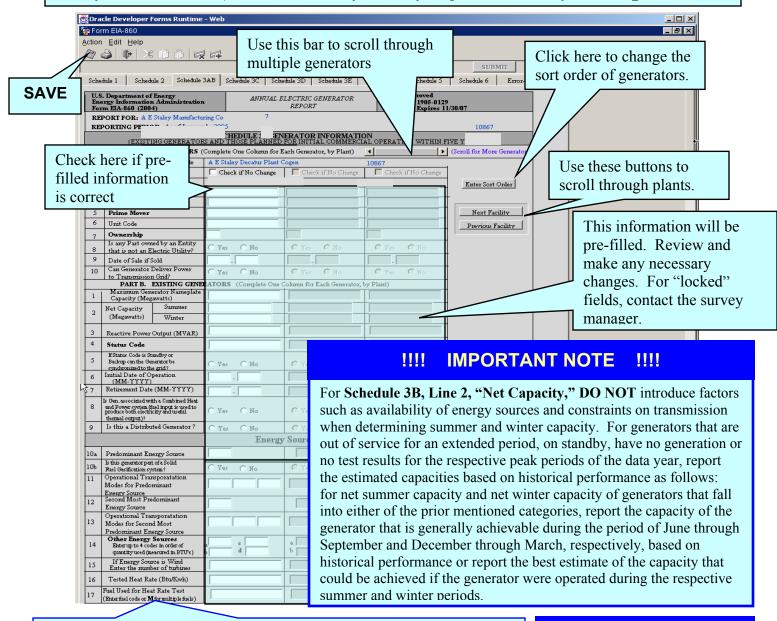


## SCHEDULE 3 Part A "Generators", Part B "Existing Generators", and Energy Sources

### **NOTE ON REACTIVE POWER (PART B LINE 3)**

This is the reactive power capacity of the generator. Reactive power establishes and sustains the electric and magnetic fields of alternating-current equipment. Reactive power is equal to the vector difference between the apparent power and the real power. The following may be useful as a guideline:

If the power factor is 0.8, then the reactive power capacity is 0.75 \* Nameplate rating. If the power factor is 0.85, then the reactive power capacity is 0.62 \* Nameplate rating. If the power factor is 0.9, then the reactive power capacity is 0.48 \* Nameplate rating.

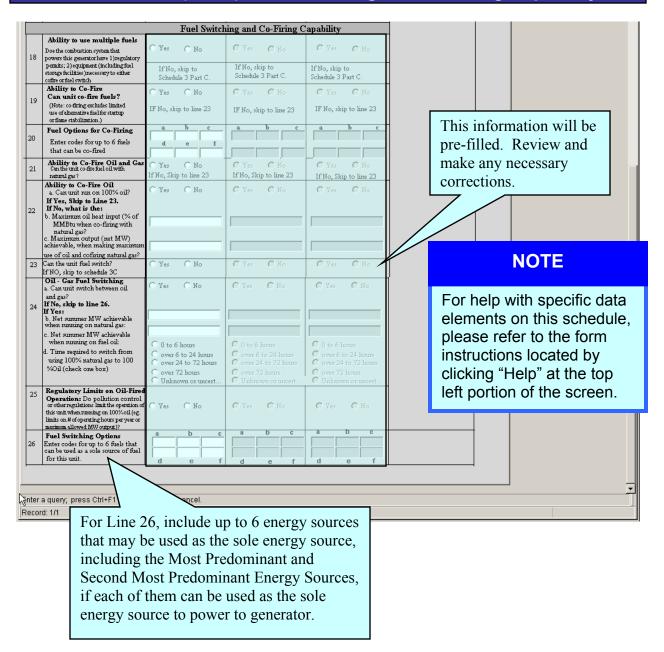


For line 17, **Fuel Used for Heat Rate Test**, enter the fuel code or "M" for multiple fuels. Refer to the energy source codes listed on pages 14 and 15 of the survey instructions (located by clicking "Help" at the top left portion of the screen. For generators driven by turbines using steam that is produced from waste heat or reject heat, report the original energy source used to produce the waste heat (reject heat).

#### NOTE

For help with specific data elements on this schedule, please refer to the form instructions located by clicking "Help" at the top left portion of the screen.

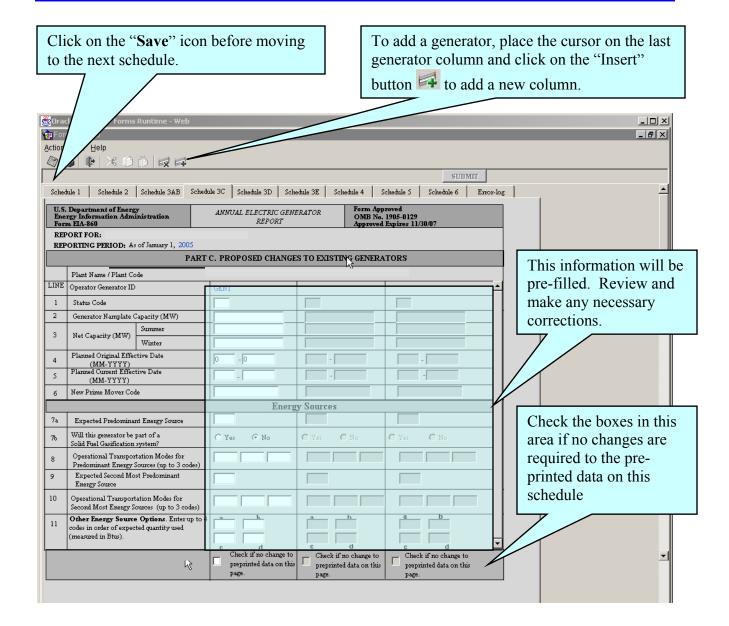
## SCHEDULE 3 (Con't) Fuel Switching and Co-Firing Capability



## **SCHEDULE 3 Part C "Proposed Changes to Existing Generators"**

#### **NOTE**

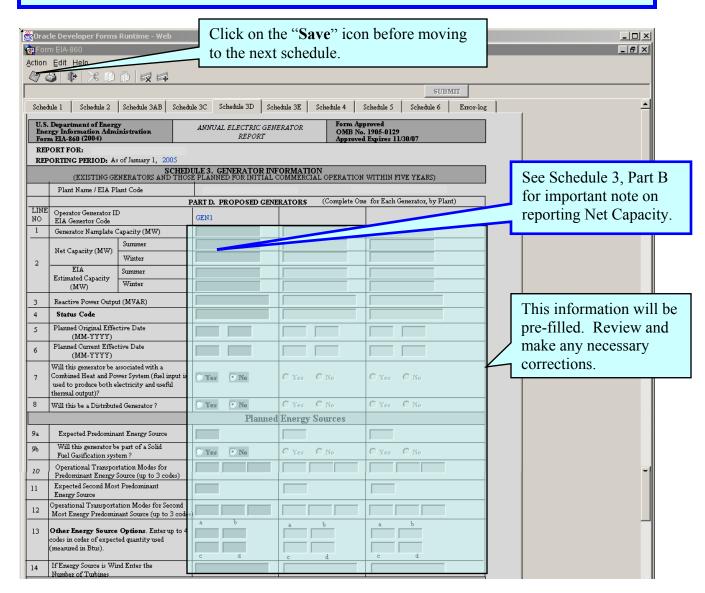
Proposed changes include retirements, re-ratings of capability, change of ownership, fuel conversions, repowering, and reactivation of generators. See survey instructions for further details.



## **SCHEDULE 3 Part D "Proposed Generators"**

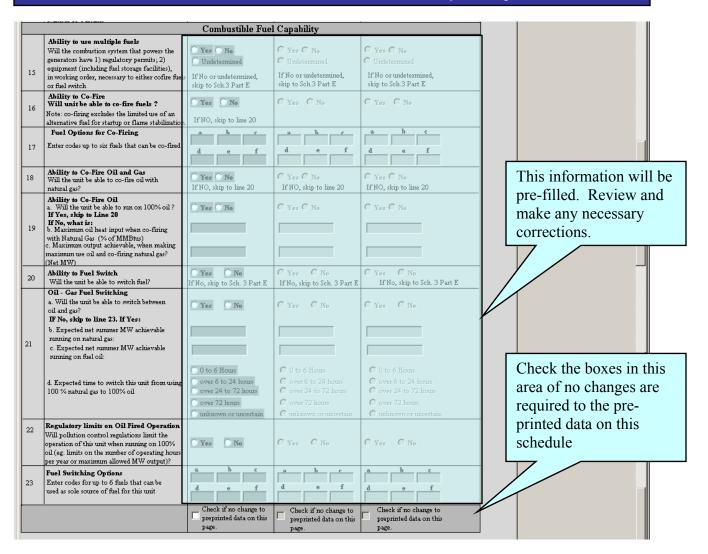
#### NOTE

If you need to add a new or missing "proposed" generator, first complete Schedule 3, Part A by entering the appropriate data. To add a blank column, click the "add new generator" button located next to Schedule 3, Part B, and then enter the data. Then complete the data in the appropriate column in Schedule 3, Part D.



This schedule continues on next page.

## SCHEDULE 3 Part D "Proposed Generators" Continued – "Combustible Fuel Capability"



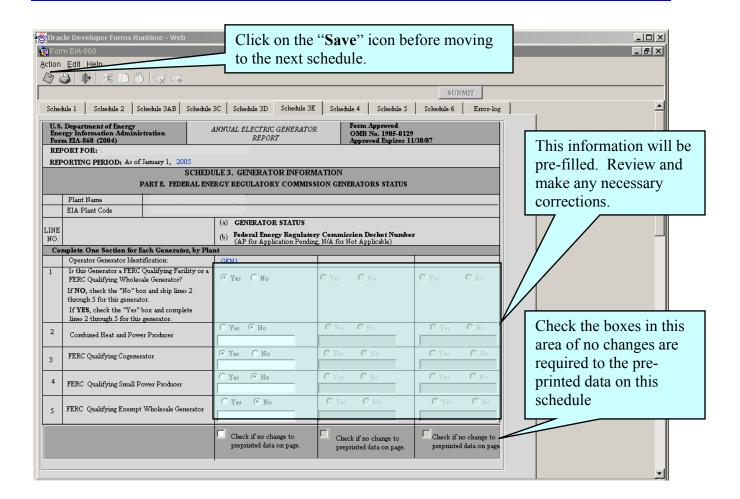
#### NOTE

For help with specific data elements on this schedule, please refer to the form instructions located by clicking "Help" at the top left portion of the

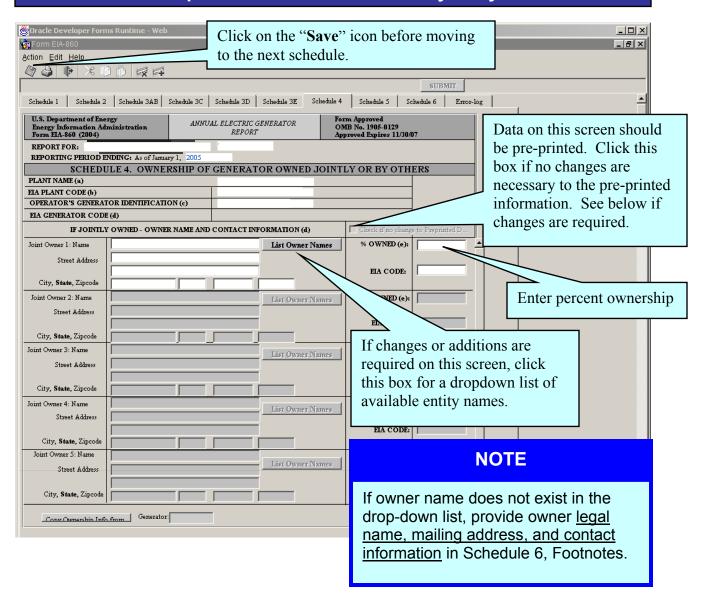
## **SCHEDULE 3 Part E "FERC Generators Status"**

#### NOTE

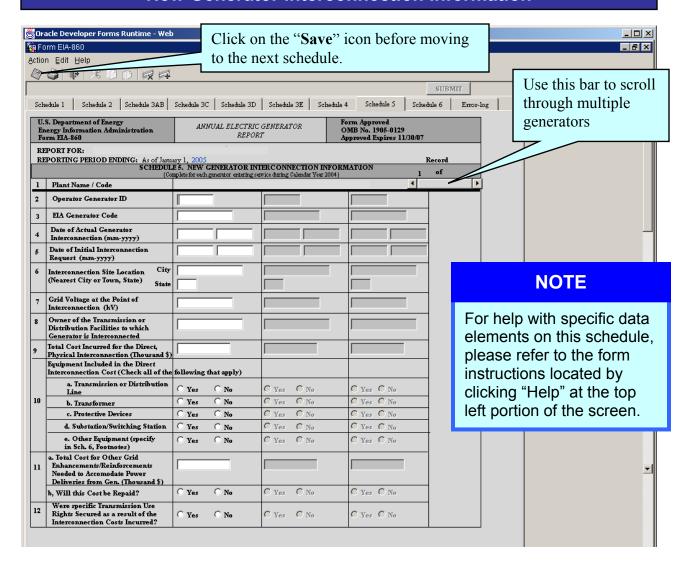
Schedule 3, Part E should only be completed for <u>non-utility</u> qualifying generators that have <u>Qualifying Facility Status</u> with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission.

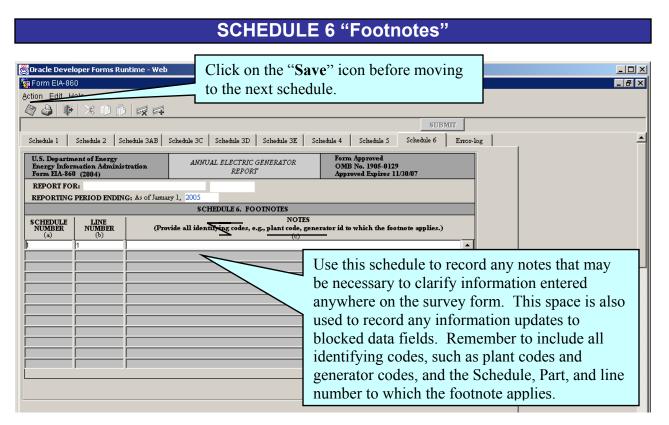


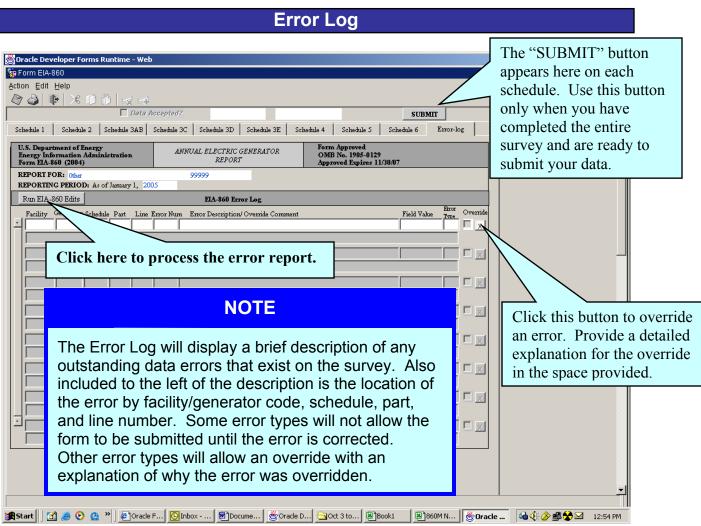
## **SCHEDULE 4**"Ownership of Generator Owned Jointly or by Others"



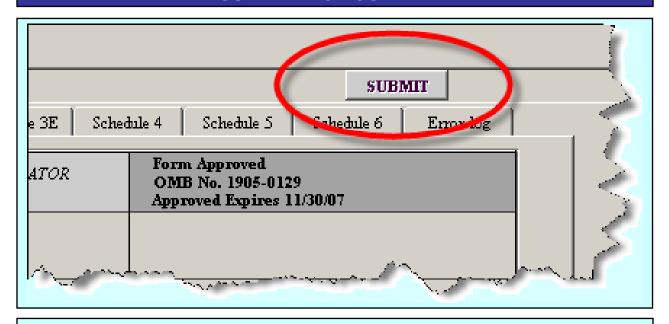
## SCHEDULE 5 "New Generator Interconnection Information"







## **SUBMITTING YOUR DATA**



When you have finished entering data onto the form and all errors on the Error Log have been corrected or overridden, you may submit your data by clicking the "SUBMIT" button located at the upper right portion of any data entry screen. A message will appear confirming your submission. Your data will be sent immediately to EIA for processing. This will complete your EIA-860 Data submission for the current year.